

Department of E&TC

Digital Communication (Mock Paper for September 2020)

| Q |   | Marks |
|---|---|-------|
| 1 | <p>In QAM, both amplitude and _____ of a carrier frequency are varied.</p> <p>a. Phase</p> <p>b. Frequency</p> <p>c. Bit rate</p> <p>d. Baud rate</p>   | 1     |
| 2 | <p>Which of the following is most affected by noise?</p> <p>a. PSK</p> <p>b. ASK</p> <p>c. FSK</p> <p>d. QAM</p>  | 1     |
| 3 | <p>If the frequency spectrum of a signal has a bandwidth of 500 Hz with the highest frequency at 600 Hz, what should be the sampling rate according to the Nyquist theorem?</p> <p>a. 200 samples/sec</p> <p>b. 500 samples/sec</p> <p>c. 1000 samples/sec</p> <p>d. 1200 samples/sec</p> | 2     |
| 4 | <p>If the baud rate is 400 for a 4-PSK, the bit rate is _____ bps.</p> <p>a. 100</p> <p>b. 400</p> <p>c. 800</p>  | 2     |

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|    | d. 1600   |   |
| 15 | <p>If the bit rate for an ASK signal is 1200 bps, the baud rate is</p> <p>a. 300</p> <p>b. 400</p> <p>c. 600</p> <p>d. 1200</p>                                     | 1 |
| 6  | <p>Which encoding method uses alternating positive and negative values for 1's?</p> <p>a. NRZ-I</p> <p>b. RZ</p> <p>c. Manchester</p> <p>d. AMI</p>                 | 1 |
| 7  | <p>If the maximum value of a PCM signal is 31 and the minimum value is -31, how many bits were used for coding?</p> <p>a. 4</p> <p>b. 5</p> <p>c. 6</p> <p>d. 7</p> | 1 |
| 8  | <p>Deliberate violations of alternate mark inversion are used in which type of digital-to-digital encoding?</p> <p>a. AMI</p> <p>b. B8ZS</p> <p>c. RZ</p>           | 1 |

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|    | d. Manchester   |   |
| 9  | RZ encoding involves _____ levels of signal amplitude.<br><br>a. 1<br><br>b. 3<br><br>c. 4<br><br>d. 5  | 1 |
| 10 | If the transmission rate of a digital communication system of 10 Mbps modulation scheme used in 16-QAM, determined the bandwidth efficiency.<br><br>a. 16 bits/cycle<br><br>b. 4 bits/cycle<br><br>c. 8 bits/cycle<br><br>d. 2 bits/cycle | 2 |
| 11 | What is the object of trellis coding??<br><br>a. To narrow bandwidth<br><br>b. To simplify encoding<br><br>c. To increase data rate<br><br>d. To reduce the error rate  | 1 |
| 12 | In trellis coding, the number of the data bits is _____ the number of transmitted bits.<br><br>a. Equal to<br><br>b. Less than<br><br>c. More than<br><br>d. Double that of   | 2 |

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| 13 | <p>A modulator converts a (an) _____ signal to a (an) _____ signal.</p> <p>a. Digital, analog</p> <p>b. Analog, digital</p> <p>c. PSK, FSK</p> <p>d. FSK, PSK</p>  | 1 |
| 14 | <p>For a binary phase shift keying (BPSK) modulation with a carrier frequency of 80 MHz and an input bit rate of 10 Mbps. Determine the minimum Nyquist bandwidth.</p> <p>a. 40 MHz</p> <p>b. 10 MHz</p> <p>c. 20 MHz</p> <p>d. 50 MHz</p>   | 2 |
| 15 | <p>12 voice channels are sampled at 8000 sampling rate and encoded into 8-bit PCM word. Determine the rate of the data stream.</p> <p>a. 768 kbps</p> <p>b. 12 kbps</p> <p>c. 12.8 kbps</p> <p>d. 46.08 kbps</p>   | 2 |
| 16 | <p>It is used to compare two or more digital modulation systems that use different transmission rates, modulation scheme or encoding techniques</p> <p>a. Energy per bit-to-noise power density ratio</p> <p>b. Noise power density</p> <p>c. Power density ratio</p> <p>d. Carrier-to-noise ratio</p> | 1 |

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| 17 | <p>The type of modulation most often used with direct-sequence spread spectrum is</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. QAM</li> <li>b. SSB</li> <li>c. FSK</li> <li>d. PSK</li> </ul>   | 1 |
| 18 | <p>Emphasizing low-level signals and compressing higher level signals is called</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. quantizing</li> <li>b. companding</li> <li>c. pre-emphasis</li> <li>d. sampling</li> </ul>   | 1 |
| 19 | <p>A theory that establishes the minimum sampling rate that can be used for a given PCM systems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Nyquist sampling theorem</li> <li>b. Nyquist minimum bandwidth</li> <li>c. Nyquist minimum bandwidth</li> <li>d. Any of these</li> </ul> | 1 |
| 20 | <p>What is the minimum bandwidth required to transmit a 56 kbps binary signal with no noise?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 14 kHz</li> <li>b. 56 kHz</li> <li>c. 28 kHz</li> <li>d. 112 kHz</li> </ul>   | 2 |

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| 21 | <p>A transmission of binary data which involves the transmission of only a single non-zero voltage level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Unipolar</li> <li>b. Bipolar</li> <li>c. Polar</li> <li>d. Non-return to zero</li> </ul>                                | 1 |
| 22 | <p>The interference caused by the adjacent pulses in digital transmission is called</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inter symbol interference</li> <li>b. White noise</li> <li>c. Image frequency interference</li> <li>d. Transit time noise</li> </ul>          | 1 |
| 23 | <p>Matched filter may be optimally used only for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Gaussian noise</li> <li>b. Transit time noise</li> <li>c. Flicker</li> <li>d. All of the above</li> </ul>  | 1 |
| 24 | <p><math>d_{\min}</math> is defined as the Euclidean distance of coded signal in terms of _____ possible distance between all allowed sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. smallest</li> <li>b. largest</li> <li>c. average</li> <li>d. constant</li> </ul> | 1 |
| 25 | <p>For a received sequence of 6 bits, which decoding mechanism deals with the selection of best correlated sequence especially by correlating the received</p>  | 2 |

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|    | <p>sequence and all permissible sequences?</p> <p>a. Soft Decision Decoding<br/> b. Hard Decision Decoding<br/> c. Both a and b<br/> d. None of the above</p>  |   |
| 26 | <p>Which decoding method involves the evaluation by means of Fano Algorithm?</p> <p>a. Maximum Likelihood Decoding<br/> b. Sequential Decoding<br/> c. Both a and b<br/> d. None of the above</p>  | 2 |
| 27 | <p>Consider the assertions related to decoding process of cyclic code. Which among the following is a correct sequence of steps necessary for the correction of errors?</p> <p>A. Syndrome determination after the division of <math>r(x)</math> &amp; <math>g(x)</math><br/> B. Addition of error pattern to received code word<br/> C. Selection of error pattern corresponding to the syndrome<br/> D. Preparation of table comprising error patterns and syndromes</p> <p>a. A, B, C, D<br/> b. B, A, D, C<br/> c. C, B, D, A<br/> d. D, A, C, B</p> | 2 |
| 28 | <p>For the generation of a cyclic code, the generator polynomial should be the factor of _____</p> <p>a. <math>x^n + 1</math><br/> b. <math>x^n - 1</math><br/> c. <math>x^n / 2</math><br/> d. <math>x^{2n}/3</math></p>  | 2 |
| 29 | <p>On which factor/s do/does the error probability depend/s after decoding?</p>  | 2 |

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|    | <p>a. Number of error vectors</p> <p>b. Error probability of symbol transmission</p> <p>c. Both a and b</p> <p>d. None of the above</p>  |   |
| 30 | <p>For a (6,4) block code where <math>n = 6</math>, <math>k = 4</math> and <math>d_{\min} = 3</math>, how many errors can be corrected by this code?</p> <p>a. 0</p> <p>b. 1</p> <p>c. 2</p> <p>d. 3</p>               | 2 |
| 31 | <p>With respect to power-bandwidth trade-off, for reducing the transmit power requirement, the bandwidth needs to be _____.</p> <p>a. Increased</p> <p>b. Constant</p> <p>c. Decreased</p> <p>d. None of the above</p> | 1 |
| 32 | <p>In Viterbi's algorithm, which metric is adopted for decision making?</p> <p>a. Hamming distance</p> <p>b. Galois Field</p> <p>c. Hamming bound</p> <p>d. Parity-check</p>   | 1 |
| 33 | <p>At any given time, the output of an encoder depends on _____</p> <p>a. Past input</p> <p>b. Present input</p> <p>c. Both a and b</p> <p>d. None of the above</p>  | 1 |
| 34 | <p>Generally, a primitive polynomial of degree 'm' is an irreducible polynomial in such a way that it is a factor of <math>x^n + 1</math>, where 'n' = _____</p>   | 1 |

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|    | <p>a. <math>2^m - 1</math><br/> b. <math>m/n - 1</math><br/> c. <math>(m+1)/2</math><br/> d. <math>m-n-1</math></p>   |   |
| 35 | <p>In decoding of cyclic code, which among the following is also regarded as 'Syndrome Polynomial'?</p> <p>a. Generator Polynomial<br/> b. Received code word Polynomial<br/> c. Quotient Polynomial<br/> d. Remainder Polynomial</p> | 1 |
| 36 | <p>According to linearity property, the _____ of two code words in a cyclic code is also a valid code word.</p> <p>a. sum<br/> b. difference<br/> c. product<br/> d. division</p>   | 1 |
| 37 | <p>Which among the following represents the code in which codewords consists of message bits and parity bits separately?</p> <p>a. Block Codes<br/> b. Systematic Codes<br/> c. Code Rate<br/> d. Hamming Distance</p>                | 1 |
| 38 | <p>Huffman coding technique is adopted for constructing the source code with _____ redundancy.</p> <p>a. Maximum<br/> b. Constant<br/> c. Minimum<br/> d. Unpredictable</p>   | 1 |